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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/748,826	12/29/2003	Ming-Fang Tsai		7200	
25859 WEI TE CHUN	7590 06/24/200 <b>IG</b>	9	EXAMINER		
FOXCONN IN	TERNATIONAL, INC		NELSON, FREDA ANN		
1650 MEMORI SANTA CLAR			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3628		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/24/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/748,826	TSAI, MING-FANG		
Examiner	Art Unit		
FREDA A. NELSON	3628		

		TREBATA TREESON		0020	
The MAILING DATE of this commu	nication appe	ars on the cover sheet	with the d	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>25 May 2009</u> FAILS TO PLA	CE THIS APPI	LICATION IN CONDITIO	N FOR AL	LOWANCE.	
<ol> <li>The reply was filed after a final rejection, bu application, applicant must timely file one of application in condition for allowance; (2) a for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance</li> </ol>	f the following i Notice of Appe	replies: (1) an amendmer eal (with appeal fee) in co	nt, affidavi mpliance	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expiresmonths	from the mailing	date of the final rejection.			
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the maili no event, however, will the statutory period f Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check e	for reply expire la either box (a) or (	ater than SIX MONTHS from b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) \	n the mailing	g date of the final rejection	n.
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.13 have been filed is the date for purposes of determining under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiral set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 3 NOTICE OF APPEAL	36(a). The date of the period of ext tion date of the s y the Office later	on which the petition under a ension and the corresponding hortened statutory period fo	ng amount o r reply origi	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A	A brief in comp	liance with 37 CFR 41.37	7 must be t	filed within two months	s of the date of
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply r AMENDMENTS	)), or any exter	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41	.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a f</li> <li>(a) They raise new issues that would req</li> <li>(b) They raise the issue of new matter (s</li> </ol>	uire further cor	nsideration and/or search			cause
(c) They are not deemed to place the appeal; and/or	plication in bet	ter form for appeal by ma	_		ne issues for
(d) ☐ They present additional claims withou NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116	-	corresponding number of	finally reje	ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with		21. See attached Notice o	of Non-Co	mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following	ng rejection(s):	·			
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) non-allowable claim(s).			•	•	_
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed ame how the new or amended claims would be r The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as for Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1,2 and 4-9. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 10-	rejected is prov follows:			l be entered and an ex	cplanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE					
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a the because applicant failed to provide a showing was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.1</li> </ol>	ng of good and				
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after the entered because the affidavit or other evide showing a good and sufficient reasons why</li> </ol>	ence failed to o	vercome <u>all</u> rejections un	nder appea	al and/or appellant fails	s to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	An explanation	n of the status of the clair	ms after er	ntry is below or attache	∍d.
The request for reconsideration has been See Continuation Sheet.	considered but	t does NOT place the app	plication in	condition for allowand	ce because:
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure</i> .</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	Statement(s). (	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s	)		
/JOHN W HAYES/	o				
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3628	,				

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: 1. In response to Applicant's argument that none of Choe, Lettich and Lidow, taken alone or their combination, teaches or otherwise suggests the invention having " a product price information module for determining a price for each customer" as set forth in claim 1, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. Choe et al. discloses if the same products are sold at the same price to a first dealing company (such as a discount house, etc.) operating a wholesale business, and also to a second dealing company (such as an agency, etc.) operating a retail shop, the entire market order may collapse. Thus, the products sold to the wholesaler and the retailer are always discriminated so as to prevent the above-mentioned problems from occurring ([0067]).

In response to Applicant's argument that none of Choe, Lettich and Lidow, taken alone or their combination, teaches or otherwise suggests the invention "a customer complaints managing module for managing customer complaints, deferring shipments, enquiring whether the customer agrees to reproduction of the products, and informing a relevant workshop to produce the products" as set forth in claim 1, the examiner asserts that while Choe et al. does not explicitly disclose a customer complaints managing module for managing customer complaints, and deferring shipments, Lettich et al. disclose that in regards to the processing of carrier claims, ShipChem.com files supplier claims on behalf of its customers wherein claims include those due to carrier contamination, customer downtime due to late shipments, delivering damaged material, and delivering the wrong amount of products ( [0137]); and in regards to answering customer complaints, ShipChem.com investigates customer complaints and works closely with the various service providers to ensure that root cause failure analyses are properly done in order to minimize repeat complaints ([0138]); and in regards to order integration, ShipChem.com provides order integration functions, such as order entry screens, electronic interfaces, and ERP integration capabilities (ERP, enterprise resource planning, is an industry term for the broad set of activities supported by multi-module application software that help a manufacturer or other business manage the important parts of its business, including product planning, parts purchasing, maintaining inventories, interacting with suppliers, providing customer service, and tracking orders) ( [0194]). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention of Choe et al. to include the features of Lettich et al. in order to provide better customer service by resolving shipping conflicts.

Choe et al. in view of Lettich et al. does not expressly disclose enquiring whether the customer agrees to production of the products, and informing a relevant workshop to produce the products. However, Lidow discloses the supply chain server checks with the suppliers to determine whether the forecasts can be fulfilled by the suppliers. If the forecasts cannot be fulfilled by the suppliers, the supply chain server contacts customers and suppliers and attempts to either redistribute the customers' demands to different suppliers or request that customers alter their demands (col. 3, lines 31-39). Lidow further discloses a determination must be made (1) whether the supplier has replacement parts in inventory and (2) whether the customer needs the replacement immediately or if the replacement parts demand can be added to the existing forecast. If the customer needs replacement parts immediately, the supplier's available inventory is the preferred source. If no inventory is available, the replacement parts should be built and delivered to the customer on an expedited basis (col. 18, lines 32-49). The Examiner interprets this to mean that the customer agrees to the reproduction of items not available of sufficiently supplied when initially ordered.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention of Choe et al. to include the feature of Lidow in order to provide customers with customer service capable of replacing orders when errors occur in order to keep customer loyalty since the claimed invention is merely a combination of old elements, and in the combination each element merely would have performed the same function as it did separately, and one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that the results of the combination were predictable.

2. Applicant argues that in regards to claim 5, neither Choe, Lettich and Lidow, taken alone or their combination, teaches or otherwise suggests the invention for the same reasons applied to claim 1above. The Examiner respectfully disagrees for the reasons stated above in regards to claim 1.

The Applicant further argues that Lidow fails to teach or suggest the features of "enquiring whether the customer agrees to reproduction of the products, and informing a relevant workshop to produce the products," as recited in claim 1. The examiner respectfully disagrees. Lidow discloses the supply chain server checks with the suppliers to determine whether the forecasts can be fulfilled by the suppliers. If the forecasts cannot be fulfilled by the suppliers, the supply chain server contacts customers and suppliers and attempts to either redistribute the customers' demands to different suppliers or request that customers alter their demands (col. 3, lines 31-39). Lidow further discloses a determination must be made (1) whether the supplier has replacement parts in inventory and (2) whether the customer needs the replacement immediately or if the replacement parts demand can be added to the existing forecast. If the customer needs replacement parts immediately, the supplier's available inventory is the preferred source. If no inventory is available, the replacement parts should be built and delivered to the customer on an expedited basis (col. 18, lines 32-49). The Examiner interprets this to mean that the customer agrees to the reproduction of items not available of sufficiently supplied when initially ordered.

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